

MRP, MRP-II, MES

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The scientific-methodical going is expounded near the adaptive planning of volumes of products, which allows to promote flexibility of production, reduce loss in investigation of rejections of demand from prognosis values products, consequently, to promote efficiency of production activity of enterprise. Offered approach conforms to the requirements of the planning systems on the enterprises of MRP, MRP-II, MES and can be included in the mechanisms of development of plans within the framework of these systems.

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$$Z = \sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{i=1}^n (S_{i,t} \cdot p_{i,t} - V_{i,t} \cdot c_{i,t}), \quad (1)$$

$$S_{i,t} - \quad (i=1,2,\dots,n);$$

$$V_{i,t} - \quad ;$$

$$p_{i,t} - \quad t;$$

$$c_{i,t} - \quad t.$$

Dem,

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$$S_{i,t} \leq D_{i,t}, \quad (2)$$

$$D_{i,t} - \quad t.$$

$$: D_i = [D_{i,1}, D_{i,2}, \dots, D_{i,T}].$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} D_{1,1} & D_{1,2} & \dots & D_{1,T} \\ D_{2,1} & D_{2,2} & \dots & D_{2,T} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ D_{I,1} & D_{I,2} & \dots & D_{I,T} \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$S_{i,t} \leq \sum_{k=1}^t V_{i,k} - \sum_{q=1}^{t-1} S_{i,q}. \quad (3)$$

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1. , , - A.

2. , , - B.

1. , , - A.

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$$\sum_{i=1}^n (V_{i,t} \cdot a_{\chi,i}) \leq A_{\chi}, \quad (4)$$

$a_{\chi,i}$ - χ - A

$A_{\chi,t}$ - χ - A (

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$$\sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{i=1}^n (V_{i,t} \cdot b_{\gamma,i}) \leq B_{\gamma}, \quad (5)$$

$b_{\gamma,i}$ - γ - B

B_{γ} - γ - B

$$(A_{\chi}^1 \quad B_{\gamma}^1)$$

$$A_{\chi} = A_{\chi}^0 + A_{\chi}^1, \quad (6)$$

$$B_{\gamma} = B_{\gamma}^0 + B_{\gamma}^1. \quad (7)$$

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$$A_{\chi}^1 \cdot p_{\chi}^A + B_{\gamma}^1 \cdot p_{\gamma}^B \leq \Psi, \quad (8)$$

p_{χ}^A - χ - A

p_{γ}^B - γ - B

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$D^o -$;

$D^p -$;

$D^v -$;

$D_{i,t}^p < D_{i,t}^v < D_{i,t}^o, i=1..I, t=1..T.$

(D^o, D^p, D^v),

(V^o, V^p, V^v),

Ψ^o, Ψ^p

Ψ^v

$Z \rightarrow \max,$

$Z^p, Z^v, Z^o.$

$Z^p < Z^v < Z^o.$

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		-		
		0	$f_1(D^v, V^p)$	$f_1(D^o, V^p)$
		$f_2(D^p, V^v)$	0	$f_1(D^o, V^v)$
		$f_2(D^p, V^o)$	$f_2(D^v, V^o)$	0

)

: $(V_i^v - V_i^p) \cdot (p_i - c_i) -$

$1 - \gamma_i$ ()

$\gamma_i,$

γ_i

$$\gamma_i \frac{V_i^v}{V_i^p}.$$

$$\gamma_i \quad \text{S-} \quad (\quad . \quad 1).$$

$$f_1(D^v, V^p) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left((V_i^v - V_i^p) \cdot (p_i - c_i) \cdot \left(1 - \gamma_i \left(\frac{V_i^v}{V_i^p} \right) \right) \right);$$

$$f_1(D^o, V^p) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left((V_i^o - V_i^p) \cdot (p_i - c_i) \cdot \left(1 - \gamma_i \left(\frac{V_i^o}{V_i^p} \right) \right) \right);$$

$$f_1(D^o, V^v) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left((V_i^o - V_i^v) \cdot (p_i - c_i) \cdot \left(1 - \gamma_i \left(\frac{V_i^o}{V_i^v} \right) \right) \right).$$

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(\quad . \quad),

Q_i .

(\quad λ_i

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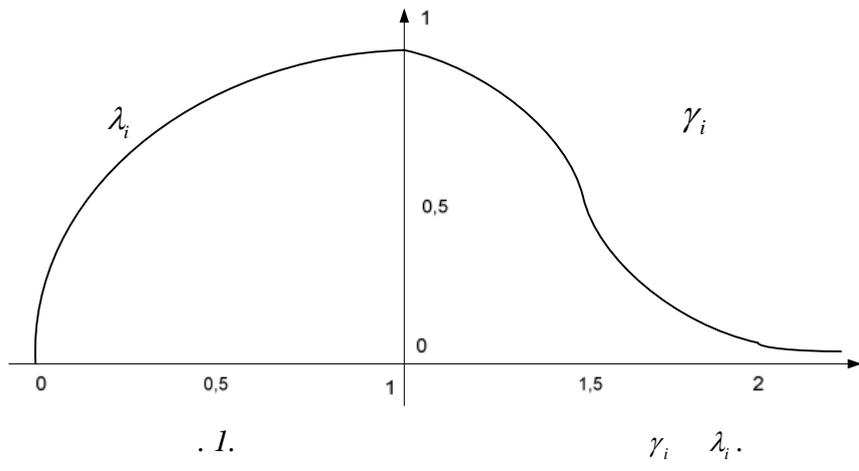
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$$f_2(D^p, V^v) = \sum_{i=1}^i \left(Q_i \cdot (V_i^v - S_i^p) \cdot \left(1 - \lambda_i \left(\frac{S_i^p}{V_i^v} \right) \right) \right);$$

$$f_2(D^p, V^o) = \sum_{i=1}^i \left(Q_i \cdot (V_i^o - S_i^p) \cdot \left(1 - \lambda_i \left(\frac{S_i^p}{V_i^o} \right) \right) \right);$$

$$f_2(D^v, V^o) = \sum_{i=1}^i \left(Q_i \cdot (V_i^o - S_i^v) \cdot \left(1 - \lambda_i \left(\frac{S_i^v}{V_i^o} \right) \right) \right).$$

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γ_i S-
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 ;
 0. $\gamma_i : [1; +\infty)$; $\gamma_i : (0; 1]$ (
 1, ... λ_i).
 $\lambda_i : [0; 1]$ (
 1, ... ;
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-	ρ^p	$f_1(D^v, V^p) \cdot \rho^v + f_1(D^o, V^p) \cdot \rho^o$	
	ρ^v	$f_2(D^p, V^v) \cdot \rho^p + f_1(D^o, V^p) \cdot \rho^o$	
-	ρ^o	$f_2(D^p, V^o) \cdot \rho^p + f_2(D^v, V^o) \cdot \rho^v$	

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