

ished, we hesitate to provide taxonomic name for the South American group, nor include it in any of the taxa established earlier.

It is notable that endemic species from the Lake Titicaca are similar in their principal anatomical characters to the widely distributed *M. forbesi*. The differences concern mainly the size and shell outline. Thus, despite the evolution in conditions of isolation, all 3 species remain closely related. Degree of affinity of the species from Titicaca to the other South American ones is approximately of the same level as that of Baicalian species to their Siberian ancestors (Korniushev, 1996).

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ЗАМЕТКА

Amphipoea crinanensis (Lepidoptera, Noctuidae) — первая находка в Восточной Европе [The First Record of *Amphipoea crinanensis* (Lepidoptera, Noctuidae) in East Europe]. — В массовых сборах на свет, поступивших на определение в Зоологический музей Московского университета, обнаружен *A. crinanensis* (Burrows, 1908): ♂ и несколько экз. плохой сохранности, Тверск. обл., Лесной р-н, Борисовское, 8.08.1994 (Комочков); ♂, Тверск. обл., Центрально-Лесной запов., 1996 (без даты) (Сокова); ♂, Владимирской обл., Судогский р-н, Брыкино, 23.07.1996 (Усков); , Рязанской обл., Окский запов., 29.06.1995 (Блинушов). Ранее вид был известен из Шотландии, Германии (север Шлезвиг) и Дании. В Польше, Беларуси, Литве, Латвии и Эстонии до настоящего времени не обнаружен. — А. В. Свиридов (Зоологический музей Московского университета).