

**ЧИСЕЛЬНА ІДЕНТИФІКАЦІЯ  
ГРАДІЄНТНИМИ МЕТОДАМИ  
ЗАДАЧІ ДИФУЗІЇ РЕЧОВИНИ  
В НАНОПОРОВОМУ СЕРЕДОВИЩІ**

[1– 6]. [4]

[7 – 9]

( ) [10].

[2, 5], (x, t) ( / 3)

L,

R (0 < R << L < ∞),

$$\varepsilon \frac{\partial}{\partial t} = d_1 \varepsilon \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} - 3(1 - \varepsilon) \frac{d_2}{R} \left( \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \right) \Big|_{r=R}, \quad (1)$$

$r \in [0, R], (x, t) \in \Omega_T, \quad \Omega_T = (0, L) \times (0, T),$

$\varepsilon - ; d_1, d_2 - , q -$

, ( / 3).

$\in \Omega$

$$\frac{\partial q}{\partial t} = d_2 \left( \frac{\partial^2 q}{\partial r^2} + \frac{2}{r} \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \right), \quad r \in (0, R), \quad t \in (0, T), \quad x \in \Omega. \quad (2)$$

$$(x, t=0) = \varphi_1(x), \quad q(r, x, t=0) = \varphi_2(r, x), \quad x \in \Omega, \quad r \in (0, R). \quad (3)$$

$$(x, t): \quad c(x=l, t) = c_\infty(t), \quad \left. \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} \right|_{x=0} = 0, \quad t \in (0, T). \quad (4)$$

$$(x, t) \in \Omega_T \quad q: \quad \left. \frac{\partial q(r, x, t)}{\partial r} \right|_{r=0} = 0, \quad q(r=R, x, t) = p c(x, t), \quad t \in (0, T), \quad p = \text{const} > 0. \quad (5)$$

$$(1) - (5) \quad d_1, d_2 - , \quad \bar{d}_i \in (0, l) \quad c, q: \quad c(\bar{d}_i, t) = f_i^1(t), \quad q(0, \bar{d}_i, t) = f_i^2(t), \quad t \in (0, T), \quad i = \overline{1, m}. \quad (6)$$

$$(1) - (5), (6) \quad d_1, d_2, \quad (1) - (5) \quad (6).$$

$$J(u) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m \int_0^T \left( (u(\bar{d}_i, t) - f_i^1(t))^2 + (q(u; 0, \bar{d}_i, t) - f_i^2(t))^2 \right) dt, \quad (7)$$

$$u = (u^1, u^2) \in \mathcal{U} = C_+([0, T]) \times C_+([0, T]), \quad C_+ = \{v(t) \in C([0, T]) : v > 0\}.$$

$$(1) - (5) \quad [4], \quad (1) - (5) \quad [10].$$

$$q(r, x, t) \in , \quad \forall z = (v, w) \in H_0$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial c}{\partial t}, v \right) + \int_0^l \int_0^R r^2 \frac{\partial q}{\partial t} w dr dx + \int_0^l d_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} dx + \int_0^l \int_0^R r^2 d_2 \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} dr dx - \int_0^l r^2 d_2 \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=R} w(R, x) dx + \frac{3(1-)}{R} d_2 \int_0^l \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=R} v(x) dx = 0, \quad t \in (0, T). \quad (8)$$

$$q(r, x, 0) = 0, \quad r \in [0, R], \quad (, 0) = 0, \quad x \in [0, l], \quad (9)$$

$$q(R, x, t) = kc(x, t), \quad x \in (0, l), \quad t \in (0, T), \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \{ (c(x, t), q(r, x, t)) \in H_1 \times H_2 : c(l, t) = c_\infty, \quad q(R, x, t) = kc(x, t), \\ &x \in (0, l), \quad t \in (0, T) \}, \quad H_1 = \left\{ v(x, t) : \int_0^T \int_0^l \left( v^2 + \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx dt < \infty \right\}, \\ &H_2 = \left\{ q(r, x, t) : \int_0^T \int_0^l \int_0^R \left( q^2 + \left( \frac{\partial q}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \right)^2 \right) dr dx dt < \infty \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (6),$$

(8) – (10),

$$(8) - (10), \quad d_1 = u^1, \quad d_2 = u^2,$$

$$J(u) = \inf_{v \in \mathcal{U}} J(v). \quad (11)$$

$$u_{n+1} \quad , \quad u \in \mathcal{U} \quad (6), (8) - (10) \quad -$$

$$u_{n+1} = u_n - \beta_n p_n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, \quad (12)$$

$$u_0 \in \mathcal{U},$$

$p_n$

$\beta_n$

[8, 9]:

$$p_n = J'_{u_n}, \quad \beta_n = \frac{\|e_n\|^2}{\|J'_{u_n}\|^2}, \quad (13)$$

$$p_n = J'_{u_n}, \quad \beta_n = \frac{\|J'_{u_n}\|^2}{\|AJ'_{u_n}\|^2}, \quad (14)$$

$$p_n = J'_{u_n} + \gamma_n p_{n-1}, \quad \gamma_0 = 0, \quad \gamma_n = \frac{\|J'_{u_n}\|^2}{\|J'_{u_{n-1}}\|^2}, \quad \beta_n = \frac{(J'_{u_n}, p_n)}{\|Ap_n\|^2}, \quad (15)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &J'_u \quad - \quad J(u) \quad u = u_n, \quad e_n = Au_n - f, \quad Au_n = \\ &= (\{ (u; \bar{d}_i, t) \}_{i=1}, \{ q(u; 0, \bar{d}_i, t) \}_{i=1}), \quad f = (f^1, f^2), \quad f^1 = \{ f_i^1 \}_{i=1}, \quad f^2 = \{ f_i^2 \}_{i=1}. \end{aligned}$$

[8, 9].

(11) – (13)

 $J'_{u_n}$  –

(11). [4 – 7]

(6), (8) – (10)

 $(\Psi_1, \Psi_2) \in H_0$ ,  $\forall (w_1, w_2) \in H_0$ 

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int_0^l \varepsilon \frac{\partial \Psi_1}{\partial t} w_1 dx - \int_0^l \int_0^R r^2 \frac{\partial \Psi_2}{\partial t} w_2 dr dx + \int_0^l u^1 \varepsilon \frac{\partial \Psi_1}{\partial x} \frac{\partial w_1}{\partial x} dx + \int_0^l \int_0^R r^2 u^2 \frac{\partial \Psi_2}{\partial r} \frac{\partial w_2}{\partial r} dr dx - \\
& - \int_0^l r^2 u^2 \frac{\partial w_2}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=R} \Psi_2(R, x, t) dx + \frac{3(1-\varepsilon)}{R} \int_0^l u^2 \frac{\partial w_2}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=R} \Psi_1 dx = \quad (16)
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \left( ( \bar{d}_i, t ) - f_i^1(t) \right) w_1(\bar{d}_i) + (q(0, \bar{d}_i, t) - f_i^2) w_2(\bar{d}_i), \quad t \in (0, T),$$

$$\Psi_1(x, T) = 0, \quad \Psi_2(r, x, T) = 0, \quad x \in \Omega, \quad r \in (0, R). \quad (17)$$

$$[4] \quad J'_{u_n} \approx \tilde{\Psi}_n = (\tilde{\Psi}_n^1, \tilde{\Psi}_n^2),$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\tilde{\Psi}_n = (\tilde{\Psi}_n^1, \tilde{\Psi}_n^2), \quad \tilde{\Psi}_n^1 = - \int_0^l \varepsilon \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial \Psi_1}{\partial x} dx, \quad \tilde{\Psi}_n^2 = - \int_0^l \int_0^R r^2 \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \frac{\partial \Psi_2}{\partial r} dr dx + \\
+ \int_0^l r^2 \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=R} \Psi_2(R, x, t) dx - \frac{3(1-\varepsilon)}{R} \int_0^l \frac{\partial q}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=R} \Psi_1(x, t) dx, \quad \|J'_{u_n}\|^2 \approx \int_0^T \sum_{i=1}^2 (\tilde{\Psi}_n^i)^2 dt.
\end{aligned} \quad (1) - (6)$$

$$(12) \quad n = 0.$$

$$1. \quad u = u_0.$$

[8].

$$2. \quad (1) - (5), \quad u = u_n$$

$$(u_n; \bar{d}_i, t), \quad q(u_n; \bar{d}_i, t), \quad i = \overline{1, m}, \quad t \in (0, T].$$

$$3. \quad (16) - (17),$$

$$\tilde{\Psi}_n = (\tilde{\Psi}_n^1, \tilde{\Psi}_n^2).$$

$$4. \quad J'_{u_n} \quad \|J'_{u_n}\|.$$

$$5. \quad :$$

$$5.1. \quad (13)$$

$$\|e_n\| = \left( \sum_{i=1}^T \int_0^T \left( (u; \bar{d}_i, t) - f_i^1(t) \right)^2 + (q(u; 0, \bar{d}_i, t) - f_i^2(t))^2 \right) dt \Big)^{\frac{1}{2}}.$$

5.2. (14)  $u_n = J'_{u_n}$ ,  
 (1) – (5).  $AJ'_{u_n} = (\{ (J'_{u_n}; \bar{d}_i, t) \}_{i=1},$   
 $\{q(J'_{u_n}; 0, \bar{d}_i, t)\}_{i=1}), i = \overline{1, m}, t \in (0, T).$

5.3. (15)  $n = 0$  5.3.1,  $n \neq 0$  – 5.3.2.  
 5.3.1.  $u = p_n$ , (1) – (5).  
 $Ap_n = (\{ (p_n; \bar{d}_i, t) \}_{i=1}, \{q(p_n; 0, \bar{d}_i, t)\}_{i=1}), i = \overline{1, m}, t \in (0, T).$   
 $(J'_{u_n}, p_n) = \int_0^T \int_{\Omega} J'_{u_n} p_n d\Omega dt, S_n, J'_{u_n} p_n$

5.3.2.  $\gamma_n, p_n$ , 5.3.1.  
 6.  $u_{n+1}$ .  
 7.  $E = \|u_{n+1} - u_n\|.$   
 7.1.  $E < \varepsilon, \varepsilon - u_{n+1} -$  8.  
 7.2.  $E > \varepsilon n = n + 1$  2.  
 8.  $\Omega = (0; 2) \times (0; 0.2),$   
 $\Omega_T = \Omega \times (0; 40) t \in (0, 40), x \in (0; 2), r \in (0; 0.2)$   
 (1) – (5)  $\varepsilon = 0.5;$   
 $c(2, t) = 4.02 + t, \frac{\partial c}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=0} = 0, \frac{\partial q(r, x, t)}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=0} = 0, q(0.2, x, t) = 2c(x, t);$   
 $(x, 0) = x^2 + 0.02, q(r, x, 0) = 2x^2 + r^2, d_1, d_2 -$   
 $\bar{d}_0 = 0.2, \bar{d}_1 = 0.6$   
 $c(0.2, t) = 0.06 + t, q(0, 0.2, t) = 0.08 + 2t, c(0.6, t) =$   
 $= 0.38 + t, q(0, 0.6, t) = 0.72 + 2t, t \in (0, 40).$   
 $(x, t) = x^2 + t + 0.02 \left( \frac{-}{3} \right), q(r, x, t) = 2x^2 + r^2 + 2t \left( \frac{-}{3} \right).$   
 $h_c = 0.2 -$   
 $[0, L], h_q = 0.1 -$   
 $[0, R]. h_t = 0.1.$   
 (13)–(15).

$d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n$

$\delta = |(u_T - u) / u_T| \cdot 100\%$

$u_T \neq 0, \|l_n\|$

$n = 16$	$n = 58369$	$n = 45237$
$\delta\% = 5.6 \cdot 10^{-4} \%$	$\delta\% = 3.8 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$\delta\% = 6.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$
$\ l_n\  = 6.8 \cdot 10^{-11}$	$\ l_n\  = 2.2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$\ l_n\  = 4.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$

[4, 5].

N.A. Vareniuk

#### NUMERICAL IDENTIFICATION BY GRADIENT METHODS OF DIFFUSION PROBLEMS OF A SUBSTANCE IN NANOPOROUS MEDIA

The problem of diffusion coefficients numerical identification of the multiscale mathematical problem of mass transfer in a nanoporous media is considered.

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