

**АЛГОРИТМ ЗНАХОДЖЕННЯ ДВОЇСТОЇ  
ОЦІНКИ ДЛЯ КВАДРАТИЧНОЇ  
ЕКСТРЕМАЛЬНОЇ ЗАДАЧІ**

$$f^* = \sup_{x \in T \subseteq R^n} f_0(x), \quad (1)$$

$$T = \{x : f_i(x) \leq 0, i \in I^{LQ}, f_i(x) = 0, i \in I^{EQ}\},$$

$$f_i(x) = x^T A_i x + b_i^T x + c_i, \quad i \in \{0\} \cup I^{LQ} \cup I^{EQ}$$

$$n \times n - \quad A_i, \quad b_i \in R^n$$

$$c_i \in R^1; \quad m_1 = |I^{LQ}| \quad m_2 = |I^{EQ}|$$

$$, \quad m = m_1 + m_2.$$

NP-

SDP- , SOCP- , LP-

$$\psi^* [1]$$

$$(1),$$

$$\psi^* = \inf_{\substack{u \in V^+, \\ u \in U^-}} \psi(u) \geq f^*, \quad (2)$$

$$\psi(u) = \sup_{x \in R^n} L(u, x), \quad (3)$$

$$L(u, x) = x^T A(u)x + b^T(u)x + c(u) \quad (1),$$

$$A(u) = A_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m u_i A_i, \quad b(u) = b_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m u_i b_i, \quad c(u) = c_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m u_i c_i; \quad U^- = \{u : u_i \leq 0, i \in I^{LQ}\};$$

$$\bar{V} = \{u : A(u) \preceq 0\} \quad (V = \{u : A(u) \prec 0\}) - \quad u,$$

$$u \in V \quad (3) - \quad x(u) = \arg \max_x L(u, x)$$

$$L_x(u, x) = 2A(u)x(u) + b(u) = 0, \quad -A(u)$$

$$u \in V, \quad \psi(u) = L(u, x(u)) < +\infty,$$

$$\Psi_u = (f_1(x(u)), f_2(x(u)), \dots, f_m(x(u)))^T \quad (A(u) \quad \psi(u))$$

$$(2) \quad \psi(u)$$

a)  $U^- = \{u : u_i \leq 0, i \in I^{LQ}\} -$

b)  $\bar{V} = \{u : A(u) \preceq 0\} - \quad A(u)$

$$\lambda_{\max}(A(u)) \leq 0 \quad (\lambda_{\max}(A(u)) -$$

$$(2) \quad -$$

$$[1 - 4], \quad r-$$

$$r- \quad [1, 3, 5 - 7].$$

$$(2) \quad ,$$

b) [3] b) -

$$\Psi(u) = \begin{cases} \psi(u), & \text{if } A(u) \prec 0 \\ \lambda_{\max}(A(u)), & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$-L(x, |u|) \quad [7]$$

$$A(u), \quad (n \sim 10^4)$$

[1, 5].

$$\psi(u) + S \sum_{i \in I^{LQ}} \max\{0, u_i\} \quad ; S$$

$$u \in U^- = \{u : u_i \leq 0, i \in I^{LQ}\} \quad A(u) \quad (2).$$

$$f^* = \sup_{\tilde{x} \in \tilde{T} \subset R^{n+m_1}} f_0(\tilde{x}), \quad (4)$$

$$\tilde{T} = \{\tilde{x} : f_i(x) + y_i^2 = 0, i \in I^{LQ}, f_i(x) = 0, i \in I^{EQ}\}, \tilde{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \in R^{n+m_1}, x \in R^n, y \in R^{m_1}.$$

$$\tilde{L}(u, \tilde{x}) = f_0(x) + \sum_{i=1}^{m_1} u_i f_i(\tilde{x}) + \sum_{i=1}^{m_2} u_i f_i(x) = L(u, x) + \sum_{i=1}^{m_1} u_i y_i^2,$$

$$L(x, u) \quad (1)$$

$$(4) \quad u \in U^-, \quad \tilde{A}(u) \quad \tilde{L}(u, \tilde{x})$$

$$\tilde{A}(u) = \begin{pmatrix} A(u) & 0_{n \times m_1} \\ 0_{m_1 \times n}^T & \text{diag}(u, i = \overline{1, m_1}) \end{pmatrix} \prec 0,$$

$$A(u) - \quad (1). \quad \tilde{A}(u)$$

$$\xi_i(\tilde{A}(u)) = \begin{pmatrix} \xi_i(A(u)) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad i = \overline{1, n}, \quad \xi_{n+i}(\tilde{A}(u)) = e_{n+i}, \quad i = \overline{1, m_1},$$

$$\lambda_i(\tilde{A}(u)) = \lambda_i(A(u)), \quad i = \overline{1, n}, \quad \lambda_i(\tilde{A}(u)) = u_i, \quad i = \overline{1, m_1}, \quad 0 -$$

$$( \quad m_1), e_i -$$

$$( \quad m + m_1), i -$$

1.

$$(4) \quad (4) \quad (1)$$

) b),

$$1) \quad \psi(u) \quad (2) \quad (1): \quad r-$$

$$2) \quad u_0 \in R^m,$$

$$A(u_0) \prec 0 \quad u_0 \in U^-. \quad (1).$$

$$(0,1) / (-1,1), \quad x_i^2 - x_i = 0 / x_i^2 - 1 = 0,$$

$$A(u)$$

$$\lambda_{\max}^* = \min_{u \in U^-} \lambda_{\max}(A(u)).$$

$\lambda_{\max}^*$  –

$$u_k \in U^-, \quad \lambda_{\max}(A(u_k)) < 0.$$

$$\lambda_{\max}^* = \min_{u \in R^m} \lambda_{\max}(A(-|u|)),$$

3)

$$u_i \leq 0, i \in I^{LQ},$$

$U^-$ ,

$$-A(u) > 0$$

),

$u \in U^-$

$$-A(u_k)$$

4)

$u_k$

$x(u_k)$

$\Psi(u)$

(3)

$$L_x(u, x) = 2A(u)x(u) + b(u) = 0,$$

$$-A(u_k) = M^T(u_k)M(u_k)$$

).

$$-2M^T(u_k)M(u_k)x + b(u_k) = 0$$

$x$

$$M^T(u_k)z = b(u_k),$$

$$M(u_k)x(u_k) = z.$$

$x(u_k)$

$$\Psi(u_k) = L(u_k, x(u_k)) = x^T(u_k)A(u_k)x(u_k) + b^T(u_k)x(u_k) + c(u_k),$$

$$g_{k+1} = (f_1(x(u_k)), f_2(x(u_k)), \dots, f_m(x(u_k)))^T.$$

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#### ALGORITHM TO FIND A DUAL BOUND IN QUADRATIC EXTREMAL PROBLEM

We describe the algorithm for finding a dual bound of the global extremum of a quadratic extremal problem based on the  $r$ -algorithm with adaptive step regulation.

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